## SASES - SCOTTISH POWER EA1N AND EA2 PROJECTS - 4 JANUARY 2020

- 1. The notes below are SASES current suggestions of key issues for representations and are not exhaustive. You should consider what representations you want to make.
- 2. We suggest people state they support the representations being made by SASES and Friston Parish Council and then set out how the projects affect them.
- 3. HOW? Go to SASES.ORG.UK
  - Click on Home and scroll down
  - In the yellow block (ANNOUNCEMENT) follow the links
    - EA1N PINS DCO APPLICATION
    - EA2 PINS DCO APPLICATION
  - Register as an Interested Party for each project and make Relevant Representations by the <u>DEADLINE OF 27 JANUARY 2020</u>

#### 4. WHY?

- SHOW YOU CARE
- YOUR LIFE
- YOUR LEGACY AND COMMUNITY

## SUFFOLK COUNTY & EAST SUFFOLK COUNCIL - KEY DATES AND CONTACTS

- ESC Cabinet 7<sup>th</sup> January East Suffolk Council Cabinet Meeting @ 1830 at Riverside Lowestoft
- SCC Cabinet 14<sup>th</sup> January Suffolk County Council (SCC) Endeavour House Ipswich @ 1400
- East Suffolk Council Contacts
  - Leader Steve Gallant steve.gallant@eastsuffolk.gov.uk
  - Deputy Leader Craig Rivett craig.rivett@eastsuffolk.gov.uk
  - TJ Haworth-Culf terry-jill.haworth-culf@eastsuffolk.gov.uk
  - Jocelyn- Bond jocelyn.bond@eastsuffolk.gov.uk
  - Tony Cooper tony.cooper@eastsuffolk.gov.uk
- Suffolk County Council Contacts
  - Leader Matthew Hicks matthew.hicks@suffolk.gov.uk
  - Cabinet member for Environment Richard Rout richard.rout@suffolk.gov.uk
  - Andrew Reid andrew.reid@suffolk.gov.uk
  - Russ Rainger russ.rainger@suffolk.gov.uk

PLUS DR THERESE COFFEY - therese.coffey.mp@parliament.uk

### **KEY ISSUES FOR REPRESENTATIONS**

### **CUMULATIVE IMPACT**

- Sizewell C DCO Application 2020?
- National Grid Ventures Interconnectors
  - Nautilus Public Consultations in 2020
  - Eurolink Plans to follow
- Expansion of offshore windfarms
  - Galloper
  - Greater Gabbard

### **HUMAN IMPACT**

- Vulnerable and ageing population
- Uncertainty
- Loss of footpaths and visual enjoyment
- Loss of equity and financial implications
- Quality of life damaged by noise and light pollution
- Damage to air quality
- Severance of village due to traffic impacts

#### **LANDSCAPE**

- Severe landscape and visual harm that cannot be mitigated.
- Severs a substantial area of tranquil, open and deeply rural countryside.
- Changes the character of Friston.
- · Highly questionable assumptions of mitigation planting.

### **HERITAGE**

- Site is ringed by listed buildings five grade II, two grade II\*
- Impact assessments underestimate the impact significantly plus:
  - setting ignores National Guidance
  - cumulative impact
- Visualisations/viewpoints are misleading
- Landscape mitigation does very little to mitigate heritage impact

## SITE SELECTION

Defective process particularly with regard to National Grid works

### **LAND USE**

- Substantial loss (83 acres) of Grade 2 and 3 agricultural land
- Impact is understated

## LIGHT POLLUTION

- During construction
  - 24 hour security lighting at construction consolidation sites
  - Task lighting during 24 hour construction periods......
- During operation
  - Security lighting possibly motion sensitive
  - Car park lighting possibly motion sensitive
  - For inspection/repair/maintenance
- Impact understated

# **SOCIO ECONOMIC – ONSHORE**

- No jobs from onshore development
- Damage to tourism DMO report not addressed loss of jobs
- No analysis of loss of "inward investment" loss of jobs

#### **FLOOD RISK**

- The current village drainage infrastructure is inadequate.
- SPR state clearly there is an increase in flood risk and sediment mobilisation due to the development.
- But does not show that proposed mitigation measures are sufficient, feasible or achievable.
- No assessment of the adequacy of the Friston Watercourse has been undertaken.
- SPR take no proper account of surface water flooding.

- SPR propose two new retention ponds on the substation site but ignore the existing field drainage system, which will be removed.
- These matters of environmental impact must be addressed prior to consent.

## **FOOTPATHS & PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY**

- The footpath (FP6) running north from the village to Little Moor Farm will be permanently closed
- This footpath is the historic parish boundary between Friston and Knodishall.
- An alternative route is proposed to run alongside the edge of Grove Road, close to the substation site. This is a very long diversion and most unattractive to potential users, due to loss of tranquillity and landscape features.
- 26 other Rights of Way along the cable route will be "temporally" closed or diverted for unspecified periods.

## **ONSHORE ECOLOGY**

- Permanent removal of approx. 30 acres of wildlife habitat across the substation site.
- This includes the permanent removal of four badger setts and several bat-roosting sites, together with hedgerows forming foraging routes.
- There will be permanent effects on birds and wildlife due to light and noise pollution from the substations.
- During the lengthy construction period all types of wildlife along the cable route will be disrupted and/or displaced.

## **SUBSTATION DESIGN ISSUES**

- SPR have not listened to our requests to reduce the visual impact of their substations
- Harmonic filters at 18m are the tallest items proposed, and were 21m until noise screening was removed by popular request (was this a good idea?)
- Other wind farm substations have much lower profiles (e.g. Rampion substation in West Sussex has almost nothing above 8m a 'low impact design')
- Current SPR design principles only concerned with the visual appearance of building structures, not engineering elements. This is unacceptable.

### **NOISE**

- 34dBLAeq5min reference level now proposed rather than 35dBLAeq15min, but currently applies only to SSR2 and SSR5 NEW, rather than all residential locations
- Super-grid transformers and their cooling fans are noisy, but Harmonic Filters now identified as noisiest items (and tallest at 18m), and are now unscreened
- SPR claim no 'humming' noise ('Tonality') but this will be disputed as it affects 'Impact' ratings
- Without a 'Tonality' correction noise levels may be almost 3 x greater than at Bramford (+5dBA).
- Impact of atmospheric effects is a further concern.
- The community should demand no discernible noise from the substations inside or outside our buildings day or night, to be proven by measurement after construction, not just on paper

## **TRAFFIC & TRANSPORT**

- Proposals include:
  - Changes to A12/A1094 junction (Friday Street) and A1094/B1069 junction Blackheath Corner
  - Pre-Construction access to the development and haul road at the junction of Church Road and Grove Road
- Scottish Power will only monitor passage of Heavy Goods Vehicles
- · What routes will all other traffic take and the relative risks
  - A1094 to Aldeburgh

- B1069 Blackheath Corner to Leiston
- B1122 Aldeburgh to Leiston
- Friston most at risk B1121 Aldeburgh to Saxmundham Road;
- Mill Road almost single track by-road no pedestrian pavement;
- Grove Road is narrow, twisting and turning with no pedestrian pavement already a heavily used cut-through to Knodishall, Saxmundham and Leiston
- Key Safety Issues
  - Traffic flows and speeds.
  - Drivers seek alternative routes and lanes become "rat-runs"
  - Impact on emergency vehicles access and timings.
  - Protection for walkers and cyclists.
  - Sizewell Evacuation Plan

# **CABLE CORRIDOR ISSUES**

- Landfall at Thorpeness: fragility of the cliffs
- A 9Km long cable route impacting numerous receptors including TPO (SCDC/87/00030)
- The Aldeburgh Road "pinch point" cable crossing: no evidence that SPR has properly
  considered the feasibility of other crossing points such as further north near Thorpe Road
- Destruction of large area of woodland both sides of the Aldeburgh Road contrary to SPR's Cable Route Design Principle: to "minimise interaction with mature woodland"
- Ecology and ornithology surveys outside AONB are not complete
- Cable corridor is sited unacceptably close to residential properties
- Cable corridor sited much closer (too close) to some residential titles than previously specified
- Concern that the construction noise assessment and impact on residential titles has been underestimated – no commitment to mitigate noise, dust etc
- Landfall and haul road CCS's: SPR did not consult on siting of the latter; light pollution issues
- No commitment to restore woodland and no commitment to remove all haul roads and return land to as before
- Assessment of and management of construction traffic impact (highway and haul roads) is also suspect
- Flood risk at River Hundred crossing during construction not addressed
- No cumulative assessment with other forthcoming projects and SPR's plans not to "sterilize" the cable route for other projects to build cable corridors alongside EA1N/EA2"
- Relevant representations 27 January 2020

## **NEXT STEPS**

- Preliminary meeting March 2020 (tbc)
- Written representations and hearings March to September 2020 (tbc)
- Examining authorities report by December 2020(tbc)
- Secretary of State decision March 2021 (tbc)

## **KEEP UP TO DATE WITH PINS WEBSITE**

### Go to SASES.ORG.UK

- Click on Home and scroll down
- In the yellow block (ANNOUNCEMENT) follow the links
  - EA1N PINS DCO APPLICATION
  - EA2 PINS DCO APPLICATION